

Moving Target Defenses for Data Storage Devices Donald E. Matthews Founder and CEO NexiTech, Inc.



Moving Target Defenses for Data Storage Devices

- What we do
 - Layers and fit
 - Foundational work
- How we do it
 - Technical attributes
 - Reference architecture
- Why does it matter to you?

What is Moving Target Defense?





✓ Increases the cost of the attacker's efforts
✓ Reduces the attacker's window of opportunity

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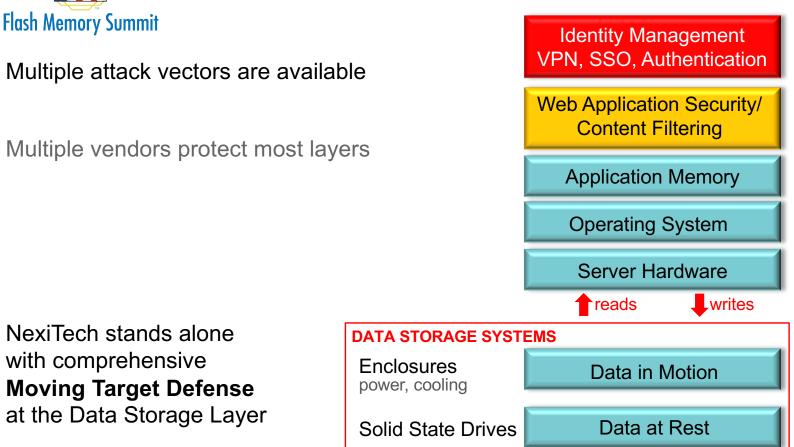


Changing Multiple Dimensions of the Attack Surface

MOVING TARGET DEFENSE

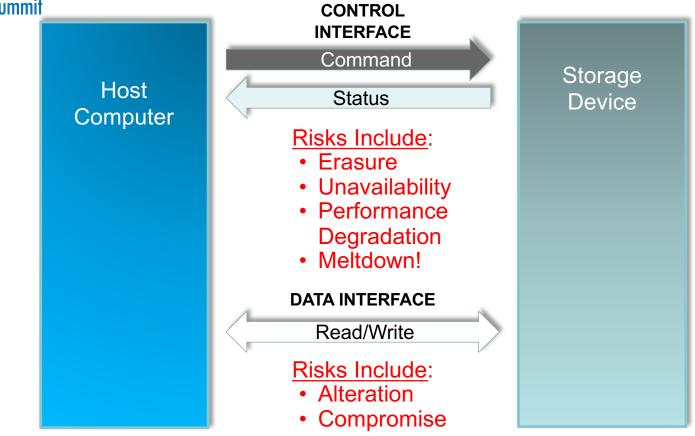


Storage Threat Layering



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Storage Attack Surfaces





Enclosure CONTROL Surface Risk: Online Data QoS Loss Tape CONTROL Surface Risk: Backup Data Loss Disk DATA Surface Risk: Physical Damage Enclosure DATA Surface Risk: Physical Damage

Flash Memory Summit 2019 Santa Clara, CA Risk: Online Data Loss or Compromise

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Data Storage Domain



Successful Customer Examples



Silicon Valley Innovation Program



2009 Flash Memory Summit 2019 Santa Clara, CA 2019





An autonomous system that randomly changes multiple dimensions of the attack surface, making it unpredictable to adversaries.



Technical Solution

Isolate the device

- Change the device type from "disk" to "unknown" inside a storage appliance.
- Create multiple abstractions of the device using storage virtualization.

Obfuscate the command set

- Change the command set for the device inside the appliance.
- Makes it more difficult for an attacker to access the device, but not impossible.

Now introduce a Moving Target Defense (MTD)

- Change the communications channel from one command to the next.
- Change the command set itself from one command to the next.

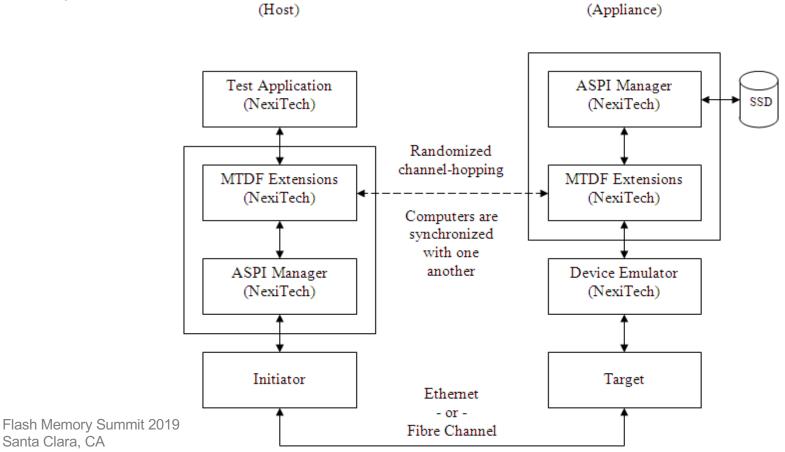
Statically link the interface library (optional)



Reference Architecture

Computer B

Computer A





Technical Attributes

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- Autonomous
- Multi-dimensional
- Uses randomization
- Unpredictable by adversaries
- Dynamic network configuration
- Gathers metrics and reports breaches
- Optionally may use a Honeypot (i.e. Decoy)
- Address Space Layout Randomization (ASLR) for DATA STORAGE



Technical Capabilities

- Dynamic Networks
 - Protocol Obfuscation
 - Network Address Space Randomization
 - End Point Route Mutation
- Protection of Legacy Systems and Devices
 - Obsolete/Unsupported OS (including Windows XP)
 - Embedded Systems Firmware
 - Real-time Embedded Systems
 - Kernel-mode device drivers for <u>both</u> Windows and Linux



Where Are We Headed?

- Evolving the technology (Patent Pending)
- Expanding market opportunities
- Forming a network of partnerships
- Exploring a broad range of additional use cases, including NVMe-oF





The Last Line Of Defense





- The core technology is adaptable
- It uniquely protects <u>data-in-flight</u> for the storage DATA surface <u>and also</u> the storage CONTROL surface
- Can exist in an appliance ...
- Or can be embedded in the device itself



Donald E. Matthews Founder and CEO <u>matthews@nexitech.com</u> 719-687-3225 <u>www.nexitech.com</u>